Numb. 1093

The Daily Gazetteer.

Friday, December 22. 1738.

No. 1091.

THE Diſputes which have reign'd amongſt us for theſe many Years laſt paſt, rather in Conſequence of our Freedom, than from any other Cauſe, at leaſt that I can divine, have given Occaſion to the propagating a Multitude of paradoxical Opinions; and, which is ſtill worſe, to queſtioning the moſt certain and important *Truths*, even thoſe which have not been thought in former Times, to ſtand in need of a Demonſtration. In ſuch a Situation, whoever attempts to addreſs himſelf to the Publick, and is at the ſame Time ſo preſumptuous as to expect a favourable Audience, ought certainly to be very cautious in all he advances, and not to move a Step, without producing an irrafragable Reaſon for ſuch a Motion. Such a Circumſpection, ſeems to be doubly requiſite in a *Writer* who has the Honour to concur in Sentiments with the *Adminiſtration*, becauſe he is ſure to have no *Grains* of *Allowance* made him, but muſt expect to have every Line, nay, every Syllable that he writes, tortur'd, in order to make it confeſs *Nonſenſe*, or at leaſt *Corruption*. But at the ſame Time that he labours under theſe Diſadvantages, he may certainly, if his own *Prudence* equals the *Malice* of his Opponents, reap ſome Benefit from this Treatment; ſince, as *Plutarch* hath fully ſhewn, we may profit as much, or more, by our *Enemies*, than by our *Friends*. It is with the ſtricteſt Attention to theſe *Maxims*, that I venture to ſet Pen to Paper, in this critical Seaſon, when the Approach of a *Seſſions* of *Parliament* awakens all our *political Partizans*, as naturally as the Approach of *Summer* rouzes and invigorates even the moſt ſleepy Kind of *Vermin*, and much to the ſame Purpoſe.

Those who are *Enemies* to our *preſent Situation*, I hope they will be ſatisfied with this *Denomination*, tho' they are offended when call'd *Enemies* to the *Government*, notwithſtanding all their Endeavours are bent to *overturn* it. Theſe People, I ſay, whoſe private Views incline them to be out of Humour with the *State* of *publick Affairs*, threaten us daily with the extraordinary Efforts they ſhall make this *Campaign*, in order to puſh themſelves into *Power*, and the *State* out of the Condition it is *now* in; whether into a *better* or *worſe*, it does not become me to determine. This puts me in Mind of the *French Gazettes* in the laſt War, which were continually fill'd, during the Winter, with wonderful and infallible *Projects* which were to be put into Execution in the enſuing Spring; and which were ſo effectually to humble the *Allies*, as to make a *Peace* upon his moſt *Chriſtian Majeſty's* Terms, the utmoſt Flight of their Deſires. Yet, every Body knows, had there been no *Projectors* on this Side of the Water, theſe mighty *Schemes* would have produced nothing, ſave Defeats and Diſgraces, to thoſe who formed them; and this, I from my Heart believe, will be the Fate of our modern *Schemiſts*, who will have nothing left to conſole them under their Diſappointments, but the mighty Pleaſure they take in celebrating their own *unavailing Wiſdom* and *fruitleſs Vigilance*, at the ſame time that they run down the *Stupidity* and *Folly* of that *Adminiſtration*, and its Friends, which have kept their Ground againſt all the Attempts of theſe mighty *Politicians*, merely, if they are to be believed, by the Help of *Chance*: So that on their own ſhewing, if they are not the moſt *unreaſonable*, they are at leaſt the moſt *unlucky* Set of *Grumblers* that ever ſtrain'd their Lungs in *Barking* at *Moonſhine*.

The *firſt* and favourite *Project* of the preſent Year, according to the freſheſt Advices from the Council Chamber of the *Malecontents*, is an *Application*, which, it is ſuppoſed, will be made to *Parliament* by the *Proteſtant Diſſenters*. This, it is conceived, will give the *Adminiſtration* inexpreſſible Trouble, create no ſmall Diſturbance at preſent, and which is what they chiefly wiſh for, will alſo lay the *Seeds* of ſucceeding Miſchiefs, to be water'd and cultivated by that aſſiduous *Husbandman*, in the Service of the *Oppoſition*, the *Author* of the *Diſſertation* upon *Parties*; which, if I might be allowed to extend my *Allegory*, I would ſay, might, with equal Propriety, be call'd the *Art* of *producing* a *Crop* of *Weeds* inſtead of *Corn*, ſince he propoſes to *cheriſh*, not to *extinguiſh* Faction. A hopeful *Scheme* this, if it be not ſpoil'd in the Conducting; of which, I confeſs, I apprehend, there is a good deal of Danger: For as both the *Parties* in this *Coalition* muſt remain continually *maſqu'd*, and muſt alſo have frequent *Conferences* together, it will be a difficult thing to keep the *Vizor* faſt; and if it ſhould ſlip only from one Man's Face, this glorious *Project* would be immediately ſeen through; that is to ſay, the *Malecontent Chiefs* would either diſcover the Impoſſibility of fixing their *new Friends* thoroughly in their *Intereſt*, or their *new Friends* would ſee through their Deſigns, and ſcorn to purchaſe a temporary, ineffectual *Aſſiſtance*, at the *Expence* of their *Honour* and *Duty*.

But admitting it to be true, that ſuch an *Application* may be deſigned, which is more than I know, or perhaps is known by thoſe who affect to publiſh it as a Certainty: I ſay, admitting this, and admitting that this *Application* ſhould be ſupported by *ſome*, for I am certain that it will not be ſupported by *All* the *Malecontents* who were formerly in oppoſite Sentiments; I profeſs I do not ſee of what Prejudice this will be to the *Adminiſtration*: I grant it will ſhew, that the *Diſſenters* are not ſatisfied with their *preſent Condition*; nor, perhaps, have they Reaſon to be ſatisfied: But what has the *Adminiſtration* to do with this? The Teſt was no Project of theirs; they never ſhewed any Inclination to prejudice or diſcountenance, much leſs to oppreſs or agrieve the *Diſſenters*. On the contrary, they have, upon all Occaſions, acted towards them with the greateſt *Sincerity*, and the moſt cordial *Affection*; perhaps never more ſo, than in the Advice given them on theſe Sort of *Applications*. Why then ſhould the *Miniſtry* fall as much under their *Diſlike* as the *Teſt*? On the other hand, what Obligations can the *Diſſenters* think themſelves under to the *Chiefs* of the *Oppoſition*, even if they ſhould join them on this Occaſion? Will they be ſo wilfully blind, as to fancy that this is the Effect of *Conviction* of Heart? Or, can they avoid ſeeing, that the only *Band* of *Union* between them is, that theſe *Diſſent* from the *State*, as *they* from the *Church*; and that, conſequently, if they ſhould continue attached to them ſo long as to ſerve their Purpoſes effectually, their *League* would be naturally diſſolved, and theſe *Chiefs*, when in *Power*, return as naturally to their old *Principles*, as they did after the *Revolution*, in which they acknowledge they concur'd becauſe it was their *Intereſt*; and becauſe it was their *Intereſt*, have *oppoſed* ever ſince *thoſe* that brought it about from a *Principle* of *Duty*. This is a *fair State* of the Caſe, and if it ſhould not happen to be taken in this Light by thoſe who are moſt concerned to underſtand this Caſe truly at preſent, *Experience* will convince them of it, not, perhaps, at the *Expence* of this *Adminiſtration*, but at their *own*.

If, therefore, ſuch an *Application* as this ſhould be really made, and ſhould not *ſucceed*, the *Diſſenters* will have no juſt Reaſon to be angry with the *Adminiſtration*; and it is not to be ſuppoſed, that they will be angry without an Occaſion, becauſe they muſt attribute ſuch a Miſcarriage to the *Nature* of our *Conſtitution*. They muſt know, that the Sentiments of our *Senators* are conducted by what they apprehend to be the Reaſon of *Things*; and if, on the diſcuſſing of this *Subject*, ſuch an *Application* ſhould prove fruitleſs, to what can they attribute it, but to its true Cauſe; that the *granting* of their *Deſires* ſeem'd *inexpedient* to the *Majority* of thoſe on whom it depended. It would be quite another thing, if their *Demand* lay within the *Power* of the *Miniſtry*; but I am perſuaded, they would not be well pleaſed to have it ſo, even if they were ſure of *carrying* their Point; becauſe this would be recurring to the old Point of *Diſpenſing* by *Prerogative*; which, tho' in *one* Inſtance and under *one Adminiſtration*, it might be favourable to their *Conſciences*; yet, under other Miniſters, and in other Caſes, it might be *fatal* to their *Liberties*. As it is therefore, the *Adminiſtration* is quite out of the Caſe; and if they ſhould fail, they muſt either point their Anger at our *Conſtitution*; or, which is more reaſonable, not be Angry at all, ſince the ſame *Power* that diſappoints them here, *protects* and *ſupports* them on all other Occaſions.

But ſuppoſe we ſhould take this in the *oppoſite Senſe*, and admit that this *Application* might not only be made by the *Diſſenters*, and countenanced alſo by *Malecontents*, but even be attended with *Succeſs*: Even in this Caſe, I doubt much whether the *Diſſenters* would not ſuffer more by it than any Body elſe; for either out of Gratitude to their *new Friends*, they muſt drop their old *Political Principles*, and implicitly follow theſe Guides of theirs, into *Paths* which they would not think very *pleaſant*; or elſe by deſerting them, they muſt incur the Imputation of *Ingratitude*, and have the Mortification alſo of ſeeing thoſe *Favours*, for which they now ſo *anxiouſly Contend*, demanded, and, perhaps, procured for *thoſe* whom they dread as their moſt determin'd *Enemies*; ſince there can be no Reaſon aſſigned, why theſe new *Patrons* of *Liberty*, when in *Power*, ſhould not take away all *Diſtinctions* amongſt *Diſſenters* of *one* Sort as well as *another*; and that in virtue of the ſame *Arguments*, which they now offer when *out* of *Power*, to juſtify their joining with *Proteſtant Diſſenters*. I do but *hint* at this, becauſe I think a *Hint* ſufficient. It is far from my Intention, and I am perſuaded it is as far from being the *Intention* of the *Miniſter*, to give the leaſt Umbrage to *Proteſtants of any Denomination* whatſoever: But the explaining theſe Things, and ſetting them in their proper Light, is doing *Truth* ſuch Juſtice as they cannot fairly be *diſpleaſed* with. From the whole it is certain, that whatever *Theological* Reaſons there may be offered in Defence of this *Scheme*, there is not a ſingle *Political* one which will endure the *Touch-ſtone* of *Inquiry*.

R. Freeman.

AMERICA.

Newport, in Rhode Iſland, Nov. 3. Early this Morning Thomas Davis, one of the Criminals under Sentence of Death, hang'd himſelf at 11 o'Clock the ſame Day; Peter Legrand, Peter Jeſſeau, and Francis Bowdoin, the other Criminals, were executed at Bull's-Point, according to the Sentence of the Special Court of Admiralty held here on the 5th Day of October laſt; the aforeſaid Davis was alſo brought with them to the Place of Execution, and hanged on the Gallows.

A Veſſel belonging to this Port, turning out of our Harbour, with a hard Gale of Wind, on Tueſday laſt, bound to Antigua, miſs'd Stays twice and drove aſhore on Mr. Brenton's Rocks at the Mouth of our Harbour, which beat out her Bottom; the Men and moſt of her Cargo ſaved.

New York, Oct. 30. A Ship arrived here laſt Week from Jamaica, Joſias Smith, Maſter, took up ſome Frenchmen at Crooked Iſland, (to wit) the Captain and ſome others, and brought them hither; they belonged to a Sloop bound to Rhode Iſland from Hiſpaniola, laden with Moloſſes, Sugar and Indigo, which was caſt away there; the Sugar, Moloſſes and Sloop, were loſt, Part of the Indigo ſaved, which, with the Captain, and one or two of the Men, Capt Smith has brought hither.

Boſton, Nov. 6. Monday laſt being the Anniverſary of his Majeſty's Birth-day, when his Majeſty enter'd into his 56th Year, the ſame was obſerved here by the Diſcharge of the Cannon at Caſtle William, &c. and in the Evening there were Illuminations, and other publick Demonſtrations of Joy on the happy Occaſion.

Capt. Robie arrived laſt Saturday from Newcaſtle, and informs, that on the 15th of October laſt, in his Paſſage hither, he ſpoke with Capt. Rick, in a Ship from Ireland, with Paſſengers bound for this Port.

HOME PORTS.

Deal, Nov. 20. Wind W. N. W. Came down laſt Night and ſailed thro', the Mary, Naylor, for Nevis. No Ship in the Downs.

Graveſend, Dec. 20. Paſſed by the Duke de Humier, Judgſon, from Bologne; and the Middleburgh Packet, Mudie, from Middleburgh.

Arrived at ſeveral Ports.

The Walpole, Jenniſon, at Long Iſland on the Weſt of Ireland; and the Elizabeth and Ann, Davis, at Kinſale, both from Virginia.

LON-

LONDON.

Yesterday his Majesty, in Council, was pleased to nominate the following Gentlemen for Sheriffs of the several Counties in England, viz.

Berks,	William Trumball, Esq;
Bedford,	Oliver Edwards, of Carrington, Esq;
Bucks,	John Piggot, of Doddershall, Esq;
Cumberland,	Joseph Drake, of Appleby, Esq;
Cheshire,	Robert Hyde, of Cattenhall, Esq;
Cambridge and Huntingdon	Robert Covile, Esq;
Devon,	Arthur Fermine, Esq;
Dorset,	William Smith, of Sidling, Esq;
Derby,	Thomas Wright, of Langston, Esq;
Essex,	Thomas Bows, Esq;
Gloucester,	William Giles, Esq;
Hertford,	William Benn, Esq;
Hereford,	Thomas Guillim of Whiteham, Esq;
Kent,	Christopher Mills, Esq;
Leicester,	John Turner, Esq
Lincoln,	Postponed.
Monmouth,	Paul Morgan, of Thornwell, Esq;
Northumberland,	William Errington, Esq;
Northampton,	Sir Edward Pickering, Bart.
Norfolk,	John Parr of Salthouse, Esq;
Nottingham,	John Gilbert Cooper, Esq;
Oxon,	Sir James Dashwood, Bart.
Rutland,	Richard Sharpe of Wing, Esq;
Salop,	Postponed.
Somerset,	John Smith of Stoney Littleton, Esq;
Stafford,	Postponed.
Suffolk,	William Acton of Bramford, Esq;
Southampton,	Edmund Thomas Williamson, Esq;
Surry,	Robert Booth of Peckham, Esq;
Sussex,	George Spencer, Esq;
Warwick,	William Dilk, Esq;
Worcestershire,	John Hart of Shipston, Esq;
Wilts,	William Windham of Dinton, Esq;
York,	Postponed.

On closing the Poll for Ten Common Council-Men of Langbourn Ward, the Numbers we are inform'd were, for

	Mr. Deputy, Thomas Oyles	181
*	Mr. William Knight - -	181 †
*	James Creed, Esq; - -	180
*	Mr. Samuel Herring - -	180 †
	John Caswall, Esq; - -	171
	Mr. John Townsend - -	164
*	Mr. William Pepys - -	162 †
*	Mr. Henry Lawton - -	158 †
	Mr. Edward Ironside - -	155
*	Mr. Edward Neale - -	153 †
	Mr. John Barker - -	153
*	Mr. James Hebert - -	148 †
	Sir George Caswall - -	146
	Mr. Thomas Thomson -	135
	Mr. Sam. Sydebothom - -	131
	Mr. John Cheslyn - -	123 †
*	Mr. John Hawkins - -	116 †
	Mr. George Scullard - -	107 †
*	Mr. James Wickes - -	99 †
	Mr. Samuel Littlebury -	70 †

N. B. Those mark'd * were in the List with Mr. Deputy Oyles.

Those mark'd († after the N°.) were not in the Common Council last Year.

Last Saturday died at his Seat at Doddington, in the County of Gloucester, Sir William Codrington, Bart. Member of Parliament for Minehead, in the County of Somerset, and is succeeded in Honour and Estate by his eldest Son, William Codrington, Esq;

Last Monday died at his House at Marlborough, in the County of Wilts, Samuel Leonard, Esq; a Gentleman of 4000 l. per Ann. in the said County.

Yesterday Morning the Books and Money were sent from the Pay Office in Broad-street to the following Ports, to pay the Wages due to the 30th of November last, viz.

To Portsmouth, to pay the Companies of the Deal Castle, Shoreham, and Swift Sloop.

To the Port of Sheerness, to pay the Wages due to the Companies of the Kennington, Tryal, Fly and Otter.

To the Port of Plymouth, to pay the Wages due to the Company of the Dursley Galley.

Yesterday the 2d and 3d Regiments of Foot Guards were muster'd on the Parade in St. James's Park, by George Huxley, Esq; Commissary General, when the following Officers were presented to their respective Posts, viz.

In the 2d Regiment, Capt. Hodges was presented to the Company late Col. Eaton's, deceased.

As was also Capt. Buckland of Lord Pembroke's Horse, late Col. Howard's.

In the 3d Regiment, the Lord John Murray was likewise presented to his Company in the said Regiment.

And the Lord Lowden was presented as Captain Lieutenant.

Casualties, Christnings, and Burials last Week.

Drowned in the River of Thames 2, one buried at Allhallows the Great, and one at St. Katherine by the Tower. Excessive Drinking 1. Found dead 2, one buried at St. Luke in Middlesex, and one at St. Martin in the Fields. Hang'd herself, buried at St. George in Middlesex, 1. Killed accidentally 3, one by a Pile of Iron Bars, buried at Allhallows the Less; one by a Fall at St. Mary at Rotherhith, and one by a Fall at St. Clement Danes. Overlaid 2.

Christned	Males	170	Buried	Males	233
	Females	159		Females	255
	In all	329		In all	488

Decreased in the Burials this Week 53.

Whereof have died,

Under 2 Years of Age	180	Forty and Fifty	56
Between 2 and 5	42	Fifty and Sixty	41
Five and Ten	12	Sixty and Seventy	31
Ten and Twenty	14	Seventy and Eighty	23
Twenty and Thirty	35	Eighty and Ninety	13
Thirty and Forty	40	Ninety and a Hundred	1

High Water this Day at London Bridge.	Morning	Evening
	06 31	06 55

Bank Stock 143 to 1-4th. India 173 1-4th. South Sea 103 7-8ths. Old Annuity 112 1-8th to 1-4th. New Ditto, nothing done. Three per Cent nothing done. Seven per Cent. Loan 112 3-4ths. Five per Cent. ditto 101. Royal Assurance 108, Books shut. London Assurance 14 1-8th. African 14 India Bonds 6 l. 18 s. to 19 s. Prem South Sea ditto 2 l. 18 s. Prem. Bank Circulation 1 l. 12 s. 6 d. Premium. Salt Tallies 1-half to 2 1-half Prem. English Copper 3 l. 5 s. Welsh ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 3-4ths per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 7 8ths per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 122.

December 12, 1738.

THE Principal Officers of His Majesty's Ordnance do hereby give Notice, that on Friday the 12th of January next, they will be ready to sell by Auction, to the best Bidder, at the Office of Ordnance in the Tower of London, several Parcels of Breechings, Rope Sponges, Tackle Falls, Tarr'd Rope, Port Ropes, Pole Axes, Funnels of Plate, Powder-Horns, Lanthorns, Spades, Shovels, Parchment and Paper Cartridges, Match, Trace and Thill Harness, Sword Belts, Files and Armourers Tools, Musquets, Musquetoons, Pistols, Bayonets, Cartouch Boxes, with other old and unserviceable Stores, which may be viewed till the Time of Sale at the said Office, where printed Lists of the Lots will be delivered to such as call for them.

This Day is Published,

The FOURTH EDITION,

(Adorn'd with Cuts. In One large Volume Octavo Price Bound Five Shillings. Being the cheapest and best Book of the Kind extent) of

THE History of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. In three Parts. With suitable Meditations and Prayers. Also the Lives of the Holy Apostles and Evangelists. To which is prefixed the Life of the Blessed Virgin Mary.

By WILLIAM READING, *M. A. Keeper of the Library at Sion College*

Printed for JOHN OSBORN, at the Golden Ball in Pater-noster-Row.

Where may be had,

1. The History of the Church, from the Beginning of the World, to the Year of Christ 1718. in 4 Vols. 12mo. Compendiously written in French by Lewis Ellis Du Pin, and now translated into English according to the third Paris Edition. Revised, enlarged, and put into a new Method, by the Author, with a complete Index to the Whole. The Third Edition. Price bound 10 s.

2. A Paraphrase, with short and useful Notes on the Old Testament, after the Manner of Dr. Clark on the Evangelists. By Thomas Pyle, M. A. Minister of Lynn Regis, Prebendary of Sarum, and Author of the Paraphrase on the Epistles, in 4 Vols. Price bound 16 s.

3. Sermons and Discourses on Practical Subjects. By Robert Moss, D. D. late Dean of Ely. The 2d Edition in 4 Vols. Price bound 20 s.

4. The Antiquities of the Hebrew Republick: Being an Explanation of every Branch of the Livetical Law; and of all the Ceremonies and Usages of the Hebrews, both Civil and Sacred. By Thomas Lewis, M. A. in 4 Vols. Pr. bound 16 s. The 3d and 4th Volumes may be had alone to compleat Sets.

Bank, December 14, 1738.

UPON a Representation from his Majesty's Post-Master-General, that it is apprehended that the Expectation of finding Bank Bills *in the Letters gives Encouragement to the frequent* Robbery of the Mails, the Bank of England, *to contribute what in them lies to put a Stop thereto, and to render their* Bills *of no Significancy or Value to those who are guilty of such flagitious Practices, do declare, that for the Benefit and Security of those who have Occasion to transact Money Affairs in the Country, they will, from and after the 1st Day of January next, (instead of three Days Sight Bills) give to such as desire the same, their Bills payable at seven Days after Sight, to or Order, whereby, in case of a Robbery, the* Proprietors *will have Time to give Notice thereof*; and if the Endorsements are duly filled up, as they expect they should, *they can be of no Use or Service but to the right* Owners.

And whereas *they may fall into those Hands who may be ignorant of the Form of endorsing them, a* Blank Endorsement *will be printed on the Back for the Parties to fill up, and to be repeated as Occasion requires.*

Dr. ROBERT EATON's

BALSAMICK STYPTICK.

Truly prepared and sold at the Doctor's late Dwelling House, now Mr. DUTTON's *in Salisbury Court, Fleet-street.*

THIS Medicine restrains in a most surprizing Manner, all Internal as well as external Hemorrhages, *i. e.* it infallibly and quickly stops all dangerous Bleedings at the Nose or Gums, spitting or vomiting Blood; also the immoderate Flux of the Hemorrhoides or Menses, bloody Urine or Stools, bleeding of large Wounds, &c. (if used according to the plain Directions given with it) as will appear by the Certificates of several Eminent Physicians, and in the large Account of this Medicine, written by the Doctor himself, and dedicated to the College of Physicians, a little before his Death.

It keeps good for many Years, at Sea or on Shoar, at Home or Abroad, *i. e.* in all Climates, therefore must be universally Useful.

The Doctor not only obtained his Majesty's Letters Patent for the sole Vending of this most Excellent Medicine, but also a Clause in a late Act of Parliament, exempting this Medicine from the Inspection of the Censors of the College of Physicians, to which all other Medicines are liable.

N. B. Some of the Apothecaries prepare a Styptick from a Prescription of Helvetius, and use it in the Room of Dr. EATON's; but whoever tries both, will soon be perswaded that Our's exceeds their's in all Respects, in a most eminent Degree.

Sold, by Licence, at Garraway's Old Shop, Practical Stone, at the Royal Exchange; Mr. R. Bradshaw's Warehouse behind the Royal Exchange; Mr. John Potter, Chymist, in Bartholomew Close; Mr. William Evans, Bookseller, in Bristol; Mr. Hammond, Jun. Bookseller, at York; Mr. Roe, Bookseller, in Derby; Mr. Raiks, Printer, in Gloucester; Mr. Dicey, Printer, in Northampton; Mr. Thomas Greenhill, Mercer, at Bath; Mr. Abree, Printer, at Canterbury; Mr. Howell, an Apothecary, at Kidderminster; Mrs. Trobridge, a Shopkeeper, in Exeter; Mr. Hallifax, an Apothecary, at Brackley; Mrs. Unett, a Bookseller, at Woolverhampton; and Mr. Bryan, a Printer, at Worcester.

The most Noble ELIXIR,

For Hypochondriack Melancholy *in Men, and the* Hysterick Disease *or* Vapours *in Women.*

IN three Days Time demonstrates to every one who takes it, that it is absolutely infallible for the thorough Cure of those perplexing Indispositions, even in their highest and most grievous Degree, where nothing but Horror reigns, where Reasoning is interrupted or deprav'd, and where the Mind is confused with terrible Perturbation, Anxieties, and Despondency, even to Distraction, and the Body afflicted with almost innumerable Ailments.

'Tis surprizing to see how soon this CELEBRATED ELIXIR, (even a few Doses of it only) entirely cures all the vast Variety of Symptoms, and induces a new Train of cheerful and pleasant Ideas, instead of those deep and black Thoughts, those direful Apprehensions that so tenaciously dwelt upon the Soul, clouded the Understanding, and destroy'd all Notion of ever receiving Comfort again, for it occasions a Flow of undisturb'd Spirits, and causes bright Gleams of Joy to break in upon the Heart, and chace away the whole Load of depressed and melancholy Imaginations so effectually, that the Patients are suddenly reliev'd both in Body and Mind; and now enjoying perfect Health, free and lively Spirits, steady, serene, and gay Thoughts, find as much amaz'd that they could be chain'd down to such a dismal Way of Thinking, such dreadful Fears, and dark Incumbrances, as before, they were hopeless of ever getting free from them.

In a Word, the Effect of this NOBLE ELIXIR is to suddenly and infallibly curing HYPOCHONDRIACK MELANCHOLY in Men, and the HYSTERICK DISEASE, or VAPOURS in Women, in all their Shapes and Appearances, even after all other Remedies have proved fruitless, is inexpressible, as the vast Numbers of both Sexes who have been perfectly cured by it, with the utmost Satisfaction declare.

It occasions no Manner of Disorder, is pleasant to take, a few Drops of it are a Dose, and is to be had only at Mr. RADFORD's Toyshop, at the Rose and Crown, against St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand, at 5 s. a Bottle, with Directions.

LONDON: Printed for J. COOPER, at the *Globe* in *Pater-noster-Row*,